Appl. No. : 10/769605 Filed : January 30, 2004

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

Claims 1, 4-7, 9-13, 15, 16, and 20-37 were pending and Claims 2, 3, 8, 14, and 17-19 were canceled prior to entry of these amendments. Please amend Claims 1, 9, 13, and 15 and please cancel Claims 12, 24, 28, 30, 31, and 35.

 (Currently amended) A method of electrochemically filling cavities on a wafer surface to form a substantially planar conductive layer, comprising the steps of:

applying a first cathodic current to form a first conductive layer on the wafer surface, the wafer having a first cavity and a second cavity, wherein the first cavity has the smallest width and the second cavity has a larger width than the first cavity, and wherein the first and the second cavities are less than 10 micrometers in width:

treating a surface of the first conductive layer by applying a first anodic current waveform having a first number of pulses after applying the first cathodic current:

applying a second cathodic current to form a second conductive layer on the first conductive layer <u>after applying the first anodic current waveform</u>; and

treating a surface of the second conductive layer by applying a second anodic current waveform having a second number of pulses after applying the second cathodic current,

wherein the second anodic current waveform has a longer duration than the first anodic current waveform and wherein the second number is greater than the first number.

- (Canceled)
- (Canceled)
- (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the step of treating the surface of the first conductive layer prevents bump formation on the surface of the first conductive layer.
- 5. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the steps of applying first and second cathodic currents comprise applying DC voltage.
- (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the steps of applying first and second cathodic currents comprise applying AC voltage.

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 (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, further comprising repeating the steps of treating and applying until all the cavities on the wafer surface are filled.

- (Canceled)
- (Currently amended) A method to electrochemically fill a plurality of cavities on a wafer surface comprising:

applying a first cathodic current to fill a first cavity and partially fill a second cavity with a first conductive layer on the wafer surface, the first cavity having a smaller width than the second cavity wherein the first cavity and the second cavity each include a width less than 10 micrometers;

applying a first anodic current waveform <u>having a first number of pulses</u> to treat the first conductive layer <u>after applying the first cathodic current</u>, the first anodic current waveform comprising at least one anodic current pulse:

applying a second cathodic current to fill the second cavity with a second conductive layer to form a substantially planar conductive layer over the first cavity and the second cavity after applying the first anodic current waveform; and

applying a second anodic current waveform <u>having a second number of pulses</u> to treat the second conductive layer <u>after applying the second cathodic current</u>—the second anodic current waveform comprising at least one anodic current pulse,

wherein the second anodic current waveform has a longer duration than the first anodic current waveform and wherein the second number is greater than the first number.

- (Previously presented) The method of claim 9, wherein applying the first cathodic current includes applying a cathodic DC waveform.
- (Previously presented) The method of claim 9, wherein applying the first cathodic current includes applying a cathodic AC waveform.
 - 12. (Canceled)
- (Currently amended) The method of claim [[12]] 9, wherein the anodic current pulses are each approximately 1 second in duration.
 - 14. (Canceled)
- 15. (Currently amended) A method of electrochemically filling cavities on a wafer surface to form a planar conductive layer, comprising:

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providing a first cavity with a smallest width and a second cavity having a larger width than the first cavity, wherein the first and second cavities are less than 10 micrometers in width:

applying a first cathodic current waveform to form a first conductive layer on the wafer surface;

treating the first conductive layer by applying a first anodic current waveform having a first number of pulses after applying the first cathodic current;

applying a second cathodic current waveform to form a second conductive layer on the first conductive layer <u>after applying the first anodic current waveform</u>, the second conductive layer having a planar portion over the first cavity; and

treating the second conductive layer by applying a second anodic current waveform having a second number of pulses after applying the second cathodic current,

wherein the second cathodic current waveform has a longer duration than the first cathodic current waveform and the second anodic current waveform has a longer duration than the first anodic current waveform, and wherein the second number is greater than the first number.

- (Previously presented) The method of claim 15, wherein applying the first cathodic current includes applying a cathodic rectangular waveform.
 - 17. (Canceled)
 - 18. (Canceled)
 - 19. (Canceled)
 - 20. (Original) The method of claim 15, wherein the planar conductive layer is copper.
- 21. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the step of applying the first cathodic current comprises forming the first conductive layer including a planar portion over the first cavity and a non-planar portion over the second cavity.
- 22. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the step of applying the second cathodic current comprises forming the second conductive layer including a planar portion over both the first and second cavities.

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23. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the step of treating the surface of the second conductive layer prevents bump formation on the surface of the second conductive layer.

- 24. (Canceled)
- 25. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the second cathodic current is applied for a longer time than the first cathodic current.
- (Previously presented) The method of claim 9, wherein applying the second cathodic current includes applying a cathodic DC waveform.
- (Previously presented) The method of claim 9, wherein applying the second cathodic current includes applying a cathodic AC waveform.
 - 28. (Canceled)
- (Previously presented) The method of claim 9, wherein the second cathodic current is applied for a longer time than the first cathodic current.
 - (Canceled)
 - (Canceled)
- (Previously presented) The method of claim 15, wherein the second cathodic current waveform is a cathodic rectangular waveform.
- 33. (Previously presented) The method of claim 15, wherein the first anodic current waveform includes a plurality of anodic current pulses of approximately 1 second in duration.
- 34. (Previously presented) The method of claim 15, wherein the second anodic current waveform includes a plurality of anodic current pulses of approximately 1 second in duration.
 - 35. (Canceled)
- 36. (Previously presented) The method of claim 15, wherein applying the first cathodic current waveform comprises forming the first conductive layer including a planar portion over the first cavity and a non-planar portion over the second cavity.
- (Previously presented) The method of claim 36, wherein the first cavity is filled and the second cavity is unfilled.